



Centro Stampa

ATTENZIONE QUESTI APPUNTI SONO OPERA DI STUDENTI , NON SONO STATI VISIONATI DAL DOCENTE. IL NOME DEL PROFESSORE, SERVE SOLO PER IDENTIFICARE IL CORSO.

N° 1010

**MECCANICA DELLE MACCHINE
TEORIA ESERCIZI**

DI MELLI ANTONIO

ES 1 | (1,15)

$a_0 = 6 \text{ m/s}^2$

$g = 9 \text{ m/s}^2$

$\alpha = 15^\circ$

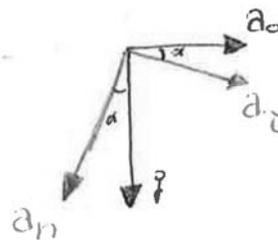
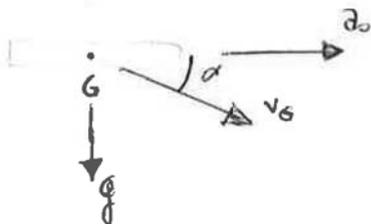
$v_0 = 15000 \text{ km/h} = 4166.7 \text{ m/s}$

$\rho = ?$

$a_r = ?$

$\dot{\omega} = ?$

$\ddot{\theta} = ?$



$$\begin{cases} \ddot{y} = a_n \cos \alpha + a_t \sin \alpha \\ \ddot{x} = -a_n \sin \alpha + a_t \cos \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$g = a_n \cos \alpha + a_t \sin \alpha - a_n \frac{\sin \alpha \cdot \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha \cdot \cos \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$a_t = \frac{a_0 + a_n \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n (\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \tan \alpha) = g - \tan \alpha a_0 \Rightarrow a_n = 8.25 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_t = \frac{a_0}{\cos \alpha} - a_n \tan \alpha = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\begin{cases} g = a_n \cos \alpha + a_t \sin \alpha \\ a_0 = -a_n \sin \alpha + a_t \cos \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} g = a_n \cos \alpha + (a_0 + a_n \sin \alpha) \tan \alpha \\ a_t = \frac{a_0 + a_n \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \end{cases} \Rightarrow a_n (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha \tan \alpha) = g - a_0 \tan \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n = 7.14$$

$$a_t = 8.12$$

$\vec{a} = \vec{a}_n + \vec{a}_t$

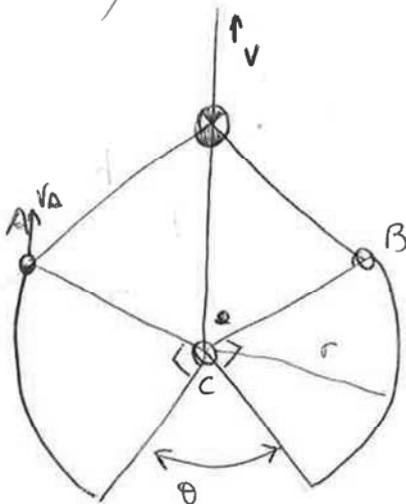
$a_n = -v^2/\rho \Rightarrow \rho = 2431.53 \text{ km}$

$a_t = \dot{\omega} \rho \Rightarrow \dot{\omega} = 3.339 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ rad/s}^2$

$\omega = v/\rho = 0.0017 \text{ rad/s}$

ES 2 |

(1,27)



$v_0 = 0.3 \text{ m/s} = v$

$\theta = 45^\circ$

$\omega = ?$

$r = 0.5 \text{ m}$

$AO = BO = d = 0.6 \text{ m}$

$\alpha + \beta =$

$\beta = 67.5$

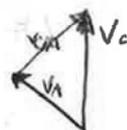
$\frac{AO}{\sin \beta} = \frac{AC}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 0.77 \Rightarrow \alpha = 50.35^\circ$

$v_A = v + \omega r$

$v_C = v_A + v_{CA}$

||| LAO ||| LAC

α ~~?~~ $r \omega$ ~~?~~



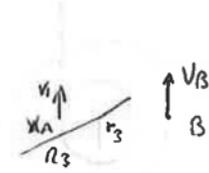
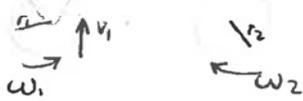
$v_C = v_A \sin \alpha + v_{CA} \sin \beta$

$v_C = v + \omega r$

$\frac{v_C}{\sin(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{\omega \cdot r}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha)} \Rightarrow \omega = 0.43 \text{ rad/s}$

ES 03

1,267



4

$$r_1 = r_2 = r_3 = 0,1 \text{ m}$$

$$r_3 = 0,2 \text{ m}$$

$$V = ? \quad a = ?$$

$$\omega_3 = ? \quad \dot{\omega}_3 = ?$$

caso a) $\omega_1 = 0 \quad \dot{\omega}_1 = 0$

$$\omega_2 = 3 \text{ rad/s} \quad \dot{\omega}_2 = -2 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

caso b) $\omega_1 = 1 \text{ rad/s} \quad \dot{\omega}_1 = 4 \text{ rad/s}^2$

$$\omega_2 = 2 \text{ rad/s} \quad \dot{\omega}_2 = -4 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

a)

$$v_B = v_2 = \omega_2 r_2 = 0,3 \text{ m/s} \Rightarrow \omega_3 = 1,5 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$v_B = (r_3 + r_3) \omega_3$$

$$\frac{v_B}{r_3 + r_3} = \frac{v_0}{r_3} \Rightarrow v_0 = 0,1 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow$$

$$\underline{V = 0,1 \text{ m/s}}$$

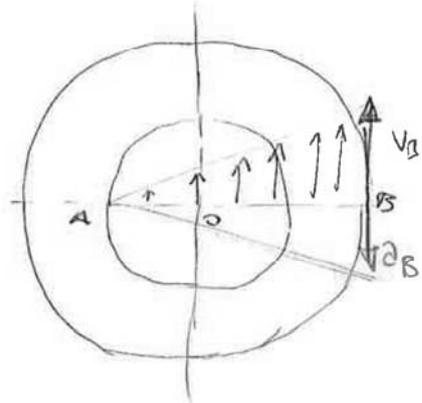
$$\dot{\omega}_3 = 0$$

$$\omega_1 = 0 \Rightarrow v_1 = 0 \Rightarrow v_A = 0$$

$$\dot{\omega}_1 = 0 \Rightarrow a_1 = 0 = a_A = 0$$

$$\omega_2 = -2 \text{ rad/s}^2 \Rightarrow a_2 = -0,2 \text{ m/s}^2 = a_B = r_3 \dot{\omega}_3 \Rightarrow \dot{\omega}_3 = -1 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\frac{a_B}{r_3 + r_3} = \frac{a_0}{r_3} \Rightarrow \underline{a = 0,066 \text{ m/s}^2}$$



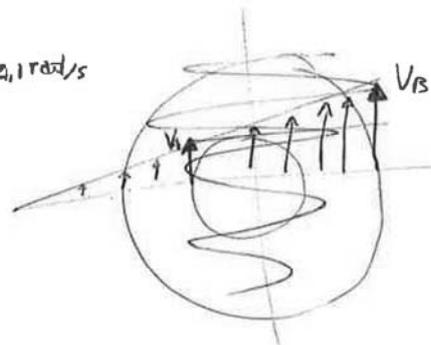
b)

$$v_1 = \omega_1 r_1 = 0,1 \text{ m/s} = v_A = r_3 \omega_3 \Rightarrow \omega_3 = 0,1 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$v_2 = \omega_2 r_2 = 0,2 \text{ m/s} = v_B = (r_3 + r_3) \omega_3$$

$$\frac{v_B - v_A}{r_3 + r_3} = \frac{v_0}{r_3} \Rightarrow v_0 = 0,0333 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{v_0 = v_A + v_0' = 0,1333 \text{ m/s}}$$



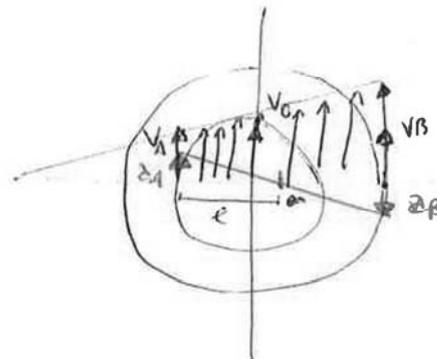
tipi v

$$a_1 = \dot{\omega}_1 r_1 = 0,4 \text{ m/s}^2 \Rightarrow a_A = 0,4 \text{ m/s}^2 = r_3 \dot{\omega}_3$$

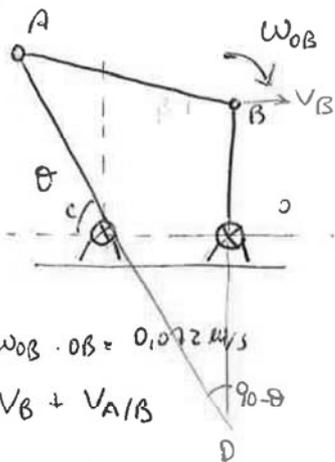
$$a_2 = \dot{\omega}_2 r_2 = -0,4 \text{ m/s}^2 \Rightarrow a_B = -0,4 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\frac{a_1}{(r_3 + r_3)/2} = \frac{a_0}{(r_3 + r_3)/2 - r_3} \Rightarrow \underline{a = 0,13 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$\dot{\omega}_3 = \frac{a_0}{r_0} = 2,67 \text{ rad/s}^2$$



ES 04
1.42



$\omega_{OB} = 0,6 \text{ rad/s}$
 $\tan \theta = 4/3 \Rightarrow \theta = 53,1^\circ$
 $OB = 0,12 \text{ m}$
 $CA = 0,2 \text{ m}$
 $OC = 0,12 \text{ m}$
 $\omega_{AC} = ?$
 $\dot{\omega}_{AC} = ?$

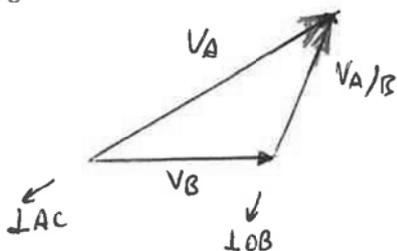
$AB = \sqrt{(AC \sin \theta - OB)^2 + (AC \cos \theta + OC)^2} = 0,243 \text{ m}$
 $\beta = \arctan\left(\frac{AC \sin \theta - OB}{AC \cos \theta + OC}\right) = 9,47^\circ$

$V_B = \omega_{OB} \cdot OB = 0,072 \text{ m/s}$

$V_A = V_B + V_{A/B}$

$V_A = \omega_{AC} \wedge AC$

$V_A = V_B + V_{A/B}$
 $\perp AC \quad \perp OB \quad \perp AB$
 $? \quad \omega_{OB} \quad ?$



$BD = OB + \frac{OC}{\sin(90-\theta)} = 0,257 \text{ m}$

$V_B = DB \omega_{AB} \Rightarrow \omega_{AB} = 0,277 \text{ rad/s}$

~~$V_A = V_B + \omega_{AB} AB$~~

$AD = AC + \frac{OC}{\sin(90-\theta)} = 0,4$

$V_A = AD \omega_{AB} = 0,1028 \text{ m/s}$

$\omega_{AC} = V_{AD} / OB = 0,856 \text{ rad/s}$

$V_A = V_B + \frac{\omega_{AB} AB}{V_{A/B}} = 0,0508 \text{ m/s}$

$a_{Bn} = V_B^2 / OB = 0,0432$

$a_{Bt} = \dot{\omega}_{OB} OB = 0$ perché $\dot{\omega}_{OB} = 0$

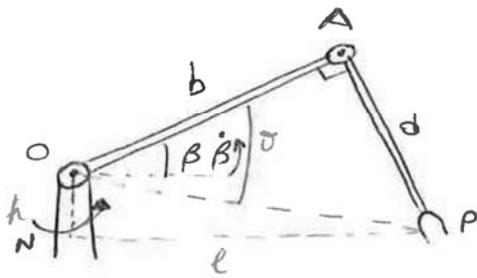
$a_A = a_{Bn} + a_{B/A}$

\downarrow
 $a_n + a_t$
 $\perp BA \quad \perp BA$
 $? \quad ?$
 $V_A^2 / AC \quad \dot{\omega}_{AC} AC$

\downarrow
 $a_{nBA} + a_{tBA}$
 $\perp BA \quad \perp BA$
 $? \quad ?$
 $V_{A/B}^2 / AB \quad \dot{\omega}_{AB} AB$



05 | 1.34)



$N = 40 \text{ N/s}$
 $b = 0,3 \text{ m}$
 $\beta = 30^\circ$
 $\dot{\beta} = 10 \text{ /s}$
 $\ddot{\beta} = 20 \text{ /s}^2$
 $d = 0,2 \text{ m}$
 $a_P = ?$

$OP: \sqrt{0,2^2 + 0,3^2} = 0,36 \text{ m}$

~~$l = OP$~~

~~$l = OP$~~

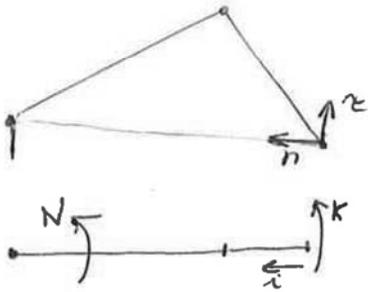
$l = b \cos \beta + d \sin \beta = 0,3598 \text{ m}$

$h = d \cos \beta - b \sin \beta = 0,023$

~~$a_A = a_O + a_{AO}$~~

~~$a_{ass} = a_{tr} + a_{rel} = \dot{a}_i + \dot{a}_k + a_n + a_c$~~

~~$\frac{N^2}{e} \dot{a}_i$~~

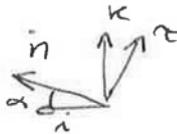


$a_{ass} = a_{rel} + a_{tr} + a_{cor.}$

$\dot{\beta} OP \vec{i} + \ddot{\beta} OP \vec{i} + N^2 e \vec{k} + 2N \sin \beta \vec{k}$

$(0,011 + 0,072 + 0,175 + 0,0877) \text{ m/s}^2$

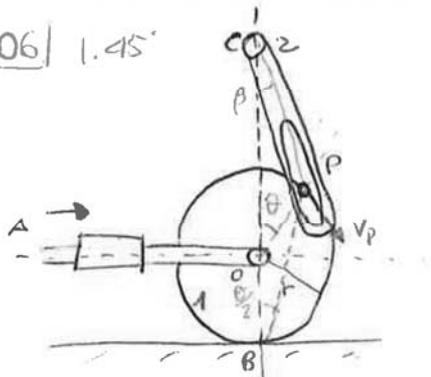
$a_P = \sqrt{\text{summa}^2} = 0,21 \text{ m/s}^2$



$i = n \cos \alpha - \tau \sin \alpha$

$k = n \sin \alpha + n \tau \cos \alpha$

06 | 1.45'



$V = 2 \text{ m/s}$
 $r = 0,1 \text{ m}$
 $OC = 0,2 \text{ m}$
 $\omega_2 ? \leftarrow \theta = 30^\circ$
 $\dot{\omega}_1 = ?$

$V = v_o = \omega_1 r \Rightarrow \omega_1 = 20 \text{ rad/s}$

$v_p = v_o + v_{p/O}$
 $\perp CP \perp \omega \perp \perp OP$
 $?$



$v_p =$

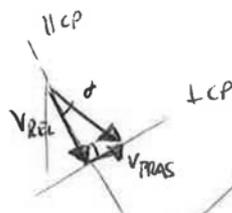
$v_p = v_{REL} + v_{TRASC}$
 $\perp CP \quad \perp CP \quad \perp CP$
 $OK \quad ? \quad \omega_2 CP$

$CP = \sqrt{r^2 + r^2 - 2r^2 \cos \theta} = 0,123 \text{ m}$

$\beta = \frac{r}{\sin \theta} = \frac{CP}{\sin \theta} \Rightarrow \beta \sin \theta = 0,406 \Rightarrow \beta = 23,98^\circ$

$BP = 2r \cos \theta = 0,143 \text{ m}$

$v_p = \omega_1 BP = 3,86 \text{ m/s}$

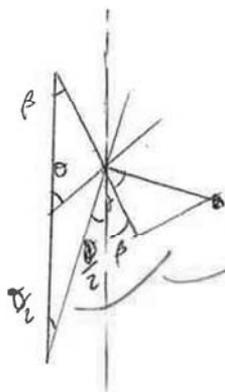
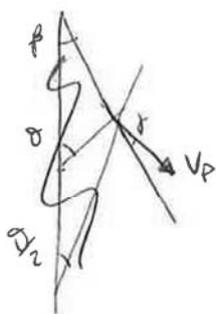


$\delta = 90 - \frac{\theta}{2} - \beta = 54,02^\circ$

$\Rightarrow v_{TR} = v_p \sin \delta = 3 \text{ m/s}$

$\Rightarrow v_{TR} = \omega_2 CP \Rightarrow \omega_2 = 24,4 \text{ rad/s}$

$v_{REL} = v_p \cos \delta = 2,43 \text{ m/s}$

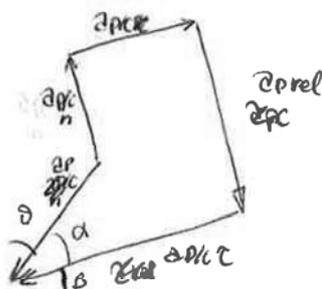
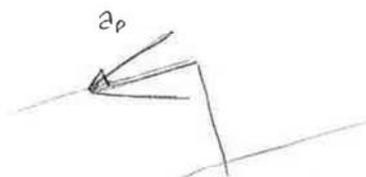


$a_p = a_{REL} + a_{TR} + a_{PC}$

$a_p = a_{REL} + a_{TR} + a_{PC}$
 \downarrow
 $a_p + a_{REL} + a_{TR} + a_{PC}$
 $\omega_2 CP \quad \omega_1 CP$

\downarrow
 $\perp CP$
 $?$

$a_{PC} = a_{PC} + a_{PC}$
 $\perp CP \quad \perp CP$
 $\omega_2 CP \quad \omega_2 CP$

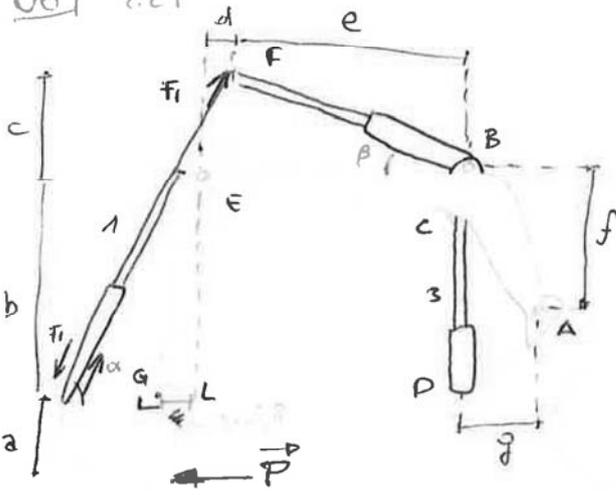


$\alpha = 90 - \beta - \delta = 36,02^\circ$

$a_{PC} = a_p \cos \alpha + a_{PC} = 150,9$

$\omega_2 = \frac{a_{PC}}{PC} = 1227,1 \text{ rad/s}$

08/ 2.21



$P = 10 \text{ kN}$

$a = 0,9 \text{ m}$

$b = 2,4 \text{ m}$

$c = 1,2 \text{ m}$

$d = 0,8 \text{ m}$

$e = 7,1 \text{ m}$

$f = 1,5 \text{ m}$

$g = 0,9 \text{ m}$

$F_1 = ?$

$F_2 = ?$

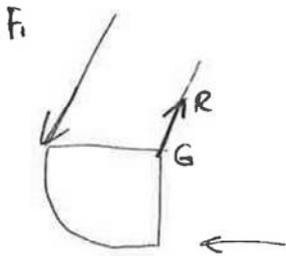
$F_3 = ?$

$N_A = ?$

$N_E = ?$

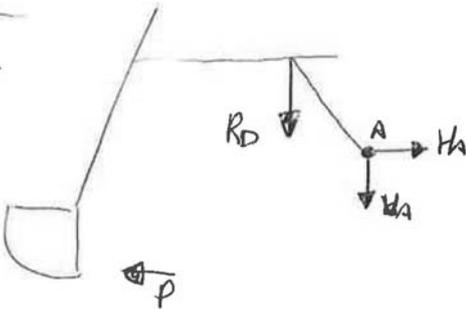
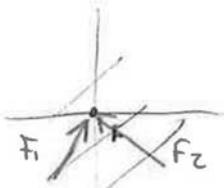
$\alpha = \arctan\left(\frac{a+b}{a+(b+d)}\right) = d = 61,38^\circ$

$\beta = \arctan\left(\frac{c}{e+g}\right) = 29,74^\circ$

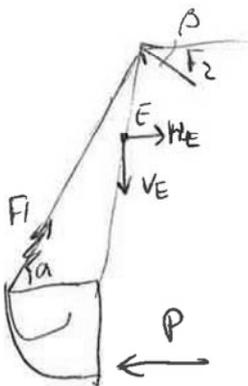


$G \uparrow : F_1 \sin \alpha - P a = 0$
 $\Rightarrow F_1 = \frac{P}{\sin \alpha} = 11390 \text{ N}$

$F_2 = F_1$



$H_A - P = 0 \Rightarrow H_A = 10000 \text{ N}$
 $R_D + V_A = 0 \Rightarrow V_A = -20000 \text{ N} \Rightarrow R_A = 22360 \text{ N}$
 $P(a+b+f) - R_D f = 0 \Rightarrow R_D = 72000 \text{ N}$
 $R_D = F_3$



$\rightarrow F_2 \cos \beta - H_E - F_1 \cos \alpha = 0$

$\uparrow F_1 \sin \alpha + F_2 \sin \beta - V_E = 0$

$E \uparrow - F_1 \sin \alpha b + F_1 \cos \alpha (a+g) + F_2 \sin \beta c + F_2 \cos \beta d = 0$

$\Rightarrow F_2 = 22197,7 \text{ N}$

$\Rightarrow H_E = 13818 \text{ N}$

$\Rightarrow V_E = 21009 \text{ N}$

$\Rightarrow R_E = 25146 \text{ N}$

$\rightarrow F_2 \cos \beta - H_E + P = 0$

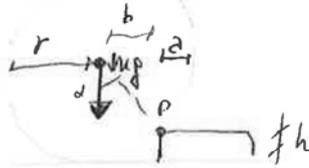
$\uparrow F_2 \sin \beta - V_E = 0$

$E \uparrow F_2 \cos \beta c + F_2 \sin \beta d - P(a+b) = 0 \Rightarrow F_2 = 37,71 \text{ kN}$

$\Rightarrow V_E = 13,74 \text{ kN} \Rightarrow R_E = 36,27 \text{ kN}$
 $H_E = 34,06 \text{ kN}$

ES 0,9 (2.31)

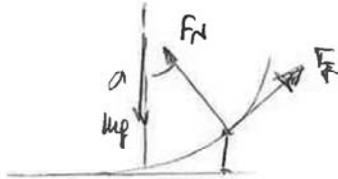
$D = 0,9 \mu$
 $\mu = 30 \text{ kg}$
 $C = ?$
 $h = 0,09 \mu$
 $f_a = ?$



$\sum \tau = 0: C - \mu p b = 0$
 $\Rightarrow C = \mu p b = 64,07 \text{ Nm}$
 $C = 79,38 \text{ Nm}$

$(r-h)^2 + (r-a)^2 = r^2$
 $\Rightarrow 0,1296 + r^2 + a^2 - 2ra = r^2$
 $a^2 - 2ra + 0,1296 = 0$

$p = 0,22 \text{ (} 0,22; 0,09 \text{)}$



$\frac{2r \pm \sqrt{4r^2 - 4 \cdot 0,1296}}{2} =$

$\frac{0,9 \pm 0,54}{2} \Rightarrow a = 0,18 \Rightarrow b = 0,28$

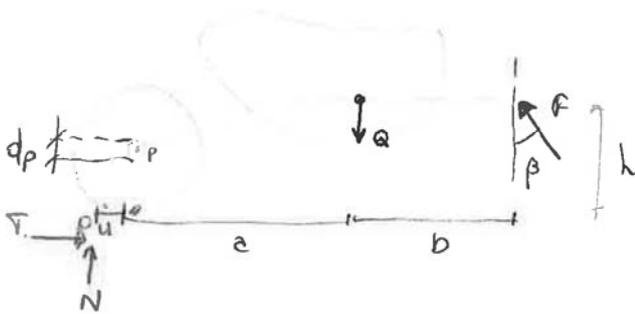
$\alpha = \arctan\left(\frac{b}{r-h}\right) = 36,87^\circ$

$F_N = \mu p \cos \alpha$
 $F_T = \mu p \sin \alpha$
 $F_T = F_N f$

$\Rightarrow \mu p \sin \alpha = \mu p \cos \alpha \cdot f \Rightarrow f \geq \tan \alpha = 0,75$

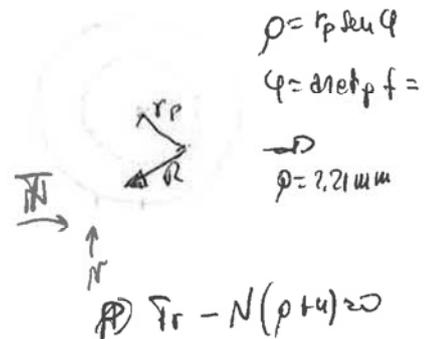
Ok!

ES 10) (2.32)

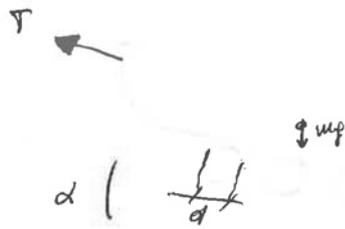


$Q = 900 \text{ N}$
 $a = 0,6 \mu$
 $b = 0,5 \mu$
 $h = 0,8 \mu$
 $D = 0,4 \mu$
 $u = 0,01 \mu$
 $d_p = 0,025 \mu \Rightarrow r_p = 0,12,5$
 $f_p = 0,18$
 $F = p \cdot v = \cos \beta$
 $\beta = ?$

$N - Q = F \cos \beta \Rightarrow N = F \cos \beta + Q$
 $T = F \sin \beta$
 $\sum \tau = 0: Q(a+u) + F \cos \beta (a+b) - F \sin \beta h = 0$
 $\sum \tau = 0: T \cdot N(a+u) = 0 \Rightarrow T = N(a+u) \cdot f$
 $Q(a+u) + (N-Q)(a+b) - \frac{N(b+u)}{r} = 0$
 $N = 424,1 \text{ N}$
 $T = 25,9 \text{ N}$
 $F = 476,6 \text{ N}$
 $\beta = 3,12$



ES 11 (2.39)



$m = 200 \text{ kg}$

$d = 0,25 \text{ m}$

$\alpha = 6^\circ$

$f v_1 = 0,01 \rightarrow \mu_1 = 0,0175 \rightarrow \varphi_1 = 0,145^\circ$

$f v_2 = 0,08 \rightarrow \mu_2 = 0,08 \rightarrow \varphi_2 = 4,57^\circ$

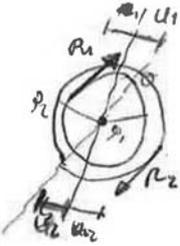
$\varphi = ?$

$\rho_1 = r \sec \varphi_1 = 0,31 \text{ mm}$
 $\rho_2 = r \sec \varphi_2 = 2,48 \text{ mm}$

~~$\tan(\alpha + \varphi_1) =$~~

~~$\tan(\alpha + \varphi_2) =$~~

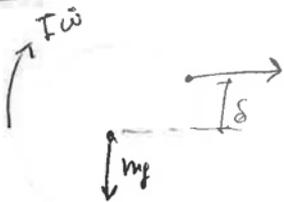
$\tan \theta = \frac{u_1 + u_2}{d} \Rightarrow \theta = 2,57^\circ$



$\uparrow \rightarrow R \cos \theta + mg + T \sin \alpha = 0$
 $\rightarrow R \sin \theta - T \cos \alpha = 0 \Rightarrow R = T (22,12)$
 $22,12 T + mg + 0,1 T = 0 \Rightarrow T = 88,27 \text{ N}$

$\uparrow \rightarrow T - mg \sin \alpha + R \sin \theta = 0$
 $mg \cos \alpha - R \cos \theta = 0 \Rightarrow R = 1,951 \text{ kN}$
 $\Rightarrow T = 117,4 \text{ N}$

12 (3.8)



$M = 3 \text{ kg}$
 $J_G = 0,12 \text{ kg m}^2$
 $d = 0,3 \text{ m}$
 $T = 20 \text{ N}$
 $u = 0,3 \text{ m}$
 $\delta = ?$



~~$T \delta = N u$~~
 $\theta: T(\delta + \frac{d}{2}) - N u = (J_G + m r^2) \omega^2$
 ~~$T - m a = m a$~~
 $N - m g = 0$
 $N = m g$
 $f = \mu N$
 $\delta = \frac{T}{m} \quad \omega = \frac{a}{r}$
 $\delta(\delta + \frac{d}{2}) - N u = \frac{J_G}{m r}$
 $\Rightarrow \delta + \frac{d}{2} = 0,1 \Rightarrow \delta =$

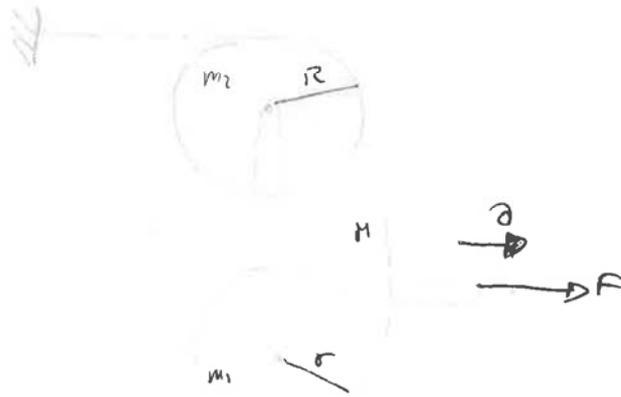
$T(\delta + r) - N u = (J_G + m r^2) \omega$

~~$T = m a$~~

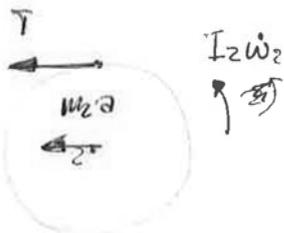
$N = m g$

$T(\delta + r) - N u = (J_G + m r^2) \cdot \frac{T}{m r} \Rightarrow \delta + r = 0,251 \Rightarrow \delta = 10,1 \text{ cm}$

Es 13 (3.35)



- $R = 0,5 \text{ m}$
- $m_2 = 50 \text{ kg}$
- $\rho_2 = 0,42 \text{ m}$
- $M = 100 \text{ kg}$
- $m_1 = 15 \text{ kg}$
- $\rho_1 = 0,3 \text{ m}$
- $F = 400$
- $r = 0,4 \text{ m}$
- $a = ?$



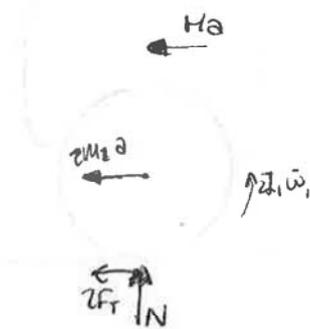
$$\dot{\omega}_1 = \cancel{a} R$$

$$\dot{\omega}_2 = a R$$

$$F - T - (m_2 + M + 2m_1)a = 0 \quad \Rightarrow -2F = 0$$

$$2) T R = I_2 \dot{\omega}_2$$

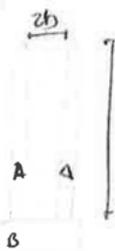
$$1) 2F r = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} m_1 \rho_1^2 \dot{\omega}_1 \right)$$



$$F - \frac{m_2 \rho_2^2 \dot{\omega}_2}{R} - (m_2 + M + 2m_1)a - \frac{2m_1 \rho_1 \dot{\omega}_1}{r} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{F}{k_f \left[\frac{m_2 \rho_2^2}{R^2} + (m_2 + M + 2m_1) + \frac{2m_1 \rho_1^2}{r^2} \right]} = \frac{400}{252,5} = 1,58 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

Es 14 (3.39)



- $l = 0,3 \text{ m}$
- $m_A = 1,5 \text{ kg}$
- $m_B = 4 \text{ kg}$
- $\rho_B = 0,04 \text{ m}$
- $n_0 = 300 \text{ firi/min}$
- $b = 0,06 \text{ m}$

$$\frac{1}{2} (m_B \rho_B^2) n_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} m_A \cdot 0 \right) n_0^2 + 2m_A \rho_B l =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_B \rho_B^2 n^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_A (l^2 + (l+b)^2) =$$

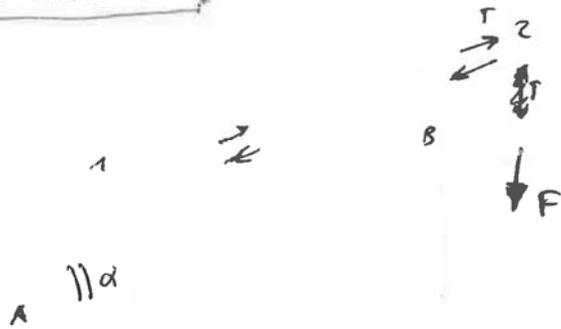
$$\Rightarrow n = 164,5 \text{ firi/min}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (m_B \rho_B^2) n_0^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot (m_A b^2) n_0^2 + 2m_A \rho_B l =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} m_B \rho_B^2 n^2 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2m_A \left(\frac{l^2}{2} + (l+b)^2 \right) \Rightarrow$$

Col momento angolare...

Problema 15

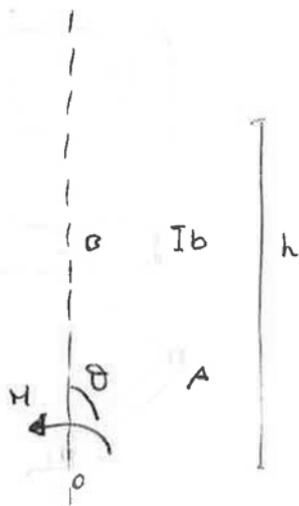


- $m_1 = 50 \text{ kg}$
- $\alpha = 30^\circ$
- $F_2 =$
- $m_2 = 4 \text{ kg}$
- $v_B = ?$
- $v_A = 0$
- $AB = 2 \text{ m}$
- $F = 250 \text{ N}$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_1 v_1^2 + m_1 g h_1 + 2F_{AB} = m_1 p_{AB} \text{end} + \frac{1}{2} m_1 v_B^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_2 F_2^2 \cdot \frac{v_B^2}{F_2^2}$$

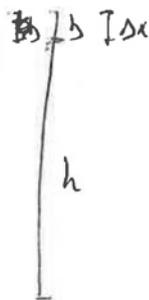
$$2F_{AB} = m_1 p_{AB} \text{end} + \frac{1}{2} (m_1 + m_2) v_B^2 \Rightarrow v_B = 4,35 \text{ m/s}$$

ES 16 (3.52)



- $m_A = m_B = 2 \text{ kg}$
- $p_A = p_B = 0,06 \text{ m}$
- $\alpha = \beta = 0,2 \text{ m}$
- $m_p = 3 \text{ kg}$
- $k = 6 \text{ kN/m}$
- $h = 0,4 \text{ m}$
- $b = 0,05 \text{ m}$
- $H = 20 \text{ N/m}$
- $\theta = 45^\circ \rightarrow 0$

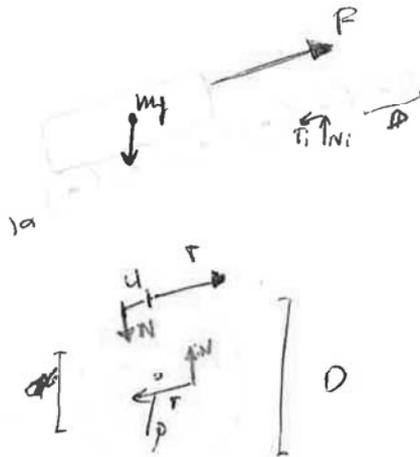
$$2 m_p \frac{H \cos \theta}{2} + H \Delta \theta + m_p \cdot 2 \alpha \cos \theta \rho = \frac{1}{2} (m_A \rho_A^2 + m_B \rho_B^2) \left(\frac{v}{\alpha \Delta} \right)^2 + m_p g h + \frac{1}{2} k \Delta x^2 + m_A \rho_A^2 \alpha + m_B \rho_B^2 \alpha + \frac{1}{2} m_A v_A^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_B v_B^2$$



$$\Rightarrow 3,44 = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ m_A \left[\left(\frac{\rho_A^2}{\alpha^2} + 1 \right) + m_B \left(\frac{\rho_B^2}{\alpha^2} + 1 \right) \right\} v^2$$

$$3,44 = 2,18 v^2 \Rightarrow v = 1,25 \text{ m/s}$$

Problema 18 (d.9)



$\alpha = 5^\circ$
 $D = 0.3 \text{ m}$
 $d = 0.05 \text{ m}$
 $f = 0.08$
 $u = 1.25 \text{ m/s}$
 $\eta = ?$

$$\eta = \frac{L u \dot{\theta}}{L v \dot{\theta}} = \frac{u f \sec \alpha}{F v} = \frac{0.85 \text{ m/s}}{1.06 \text{ m/s}} = 80.10\%$$

~~$F - u f \sec \alpha - \sum N_i = 0$~~
 ~~$\sum N_i - u f = 0$~~

$f - \mu f \sec \alpha - \sum N_i = 0$
 $\sum N_i - \mu f \cos \alpha = 0$

$\varphi = \arctan(f)$
 $\rho = \frac{d}{2} \sin \varphi$

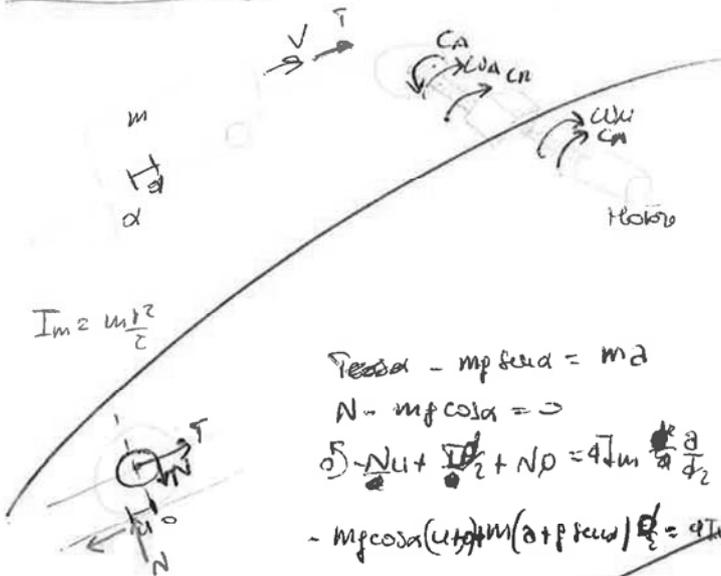
$\sum N_i N u + N \rho - T D_2 = 0 \Rightarrow T = N \left(\frac{u + \rho}{D/2} \right)$
 ~~$T = N \cdot 0.08 \cdot 0.216$~~

$N = \mu f \cos \alpha \Rightarrow T = 1.06 \cdot 0.08 \cdot 0.211$

~~$F = 1.06 \cdot 0.85 = 0.901 \text{ m}$~~
 ~~$F = 1.06 \cdot 0.85 = 0.901 \text{ m}$~~

$F = 1.06 \cdot 0.85 = 0.901 \text{ m}$

ES 19 (4.13)



$m = 2000 \text{ kg}$
 $d = 10^\circ$
 $D = 1.28 \text{ m}$
 $I_G = 25 \text{ kg m}^2$
 $I_M = 0.15 \text{ kg m}^2$
 $\tau = \frac{W_a}{W_M} = \frac{1}{36} \quad \eta = 0.75$
 $d = 0.7 \text{ m}$
 $\mu = 0.03$
 $u = 15 \text{ mm}$

$T \cos \alpha - m f \sec \alpha = m a$
 $N - m f \cos \alpha = 0$
 $\sum N u + \frac{I_G}{2} \ddot{\theta} + N \rho = 4 \sqrt{m} \frac{a}{2}$
 $- m f \cos \alpha (u + \rho) + m (\alpha + f \sec \alpha) \frac{d}{2} = 4 \sqrt{m} \frac{a}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow m f \cos \alpha (u + \rho) + m f \sec \alpha \frac{d}{2} = (4 \sqrt{m} \frac{a}{2} + m) a$

1) $V = 18 \text{ km/h}$ P?
 2) $W_M = ?$
 $\tau_0 = ? \quad C_0 = 2 C_r$
 1.406
 7458.6 W
 $\Rightarrow a = 0.272 \text{ m/s}^2 \Rightarrow \tau = 5096.7 \text{ N}$

$P_A = 18 \text{ kW} = 16.5 \text{ kW} = 25.483 \text{ kW}$

$W_A = V/D \Rightarrow C_r = \frac{P_A}{W_a} = 326.88 \text{ N/m}$

$W_M = \frac{W_a}{\tau} = 180 \text{ N/s}$
 $\frac{P_A}{P_M} = \eta \Rightarrow P_M = \frac{P_A}{\eta} = 33 \text{ kW} \Rightarrow C_H = 188.76 \text{ N/m}$

$\sum N_i = P_A = \eta P_M \Rightarrow \tau_0 V = \eta 24 \text{ W} \Rightarrow \tau_0 = 10198.52 \text{ N}$

$$C_A = C_R - I_A \alpha$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$T \Rightarrow C_r = 3268,68 \quad P_R =$$

$$\downarrow 4773,5 \quad 4789,98 \text{ Nm}$$

$$3261,88 \Rightarrow C_r = 3278,35 \text{ Nm}$$

~~$$\alpha = a/r = 0,270$$~~

$$\omega_A = \omega_R = 3,2 \text{ rad/s} \Rightarrow \omega_H = \omega_A = 180 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\alpha_A = a/r = 0,659 \text{ rad/s}^2 \Rightarrow \alpha_H = 23,724 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

$$\omega_A = v/r = 7,81 \text{ rad/s} \Rightarrow \omega_H = 100 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$P_R = C_R \omega_A = \eta P_H = \eta C_H \omega_H \Rightarrow C_H = 187,66 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\downarrow \quad \downarrow$$

$$25603,9 \text{ kW} \quad 34138,6 \text{ kW}$$

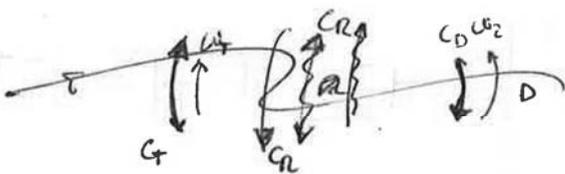
$$37408 \text{ kW} \quad 49873,2 \text{ W}$$

$$P_H = [C_H - (I_H a)] \omega$$

$$\Rightarrow C_H = 2806 \text{ Nm}$$

$$P_H = (2C_H - I_H a) \omega = 100,386 \text{ kW} \Rightarrow P_R = 75289,8 \text{ W} = TV \Rightarrow T = 15088 \text{ N}$$

ES 20 (4.17)



$$I_2 = 10 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$\omega_D = 100 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\tau = \frac{\omega_D}{\omega_1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$I_1 = 0,5 \text{ kgm}^2$$

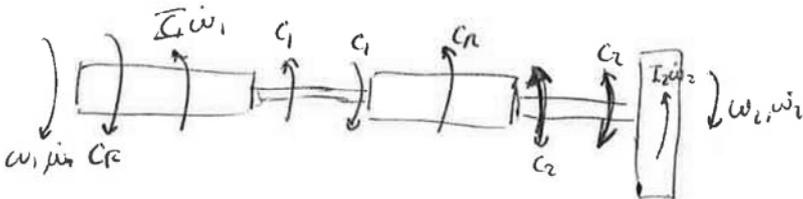
$$G = ?$$

$$\Delta \theta = \pi$$

$$C_R$$

$$\eta \frac{C_D \omega_D}{C_P \omega_1} = 1$$

~~$$\frac{1}{2} I_2 \omega_D^2 + \frac{1}{2} I_1 \left(\frac{\omega_D}{3}\right)^2 = G \Delta \theta \Rightarrow G = 16003,9 \text{ Nm}$$~~



Alli stazionario dt

$$G \tau = 1$$

$$C_2 \omega_2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{I \omega_2^2}{dt}$$

$$\dot{\omega}_2 = \frac{d\omega_2}{dt} = \omega_2 \frac{d\omega_2}{d\theta_2} \Rightarrow \omega_2 \int_0^{\theta} d\theta_2 = \int_{\omega_2}^0 \omega_2 d\omega_2 \Rightarrow \omega_2 \theta = \frac{1}{2} \omega_2^2 \Rightarrow \dot{\omega}_2 = -1591,4 \text{ rad/s}^2$$

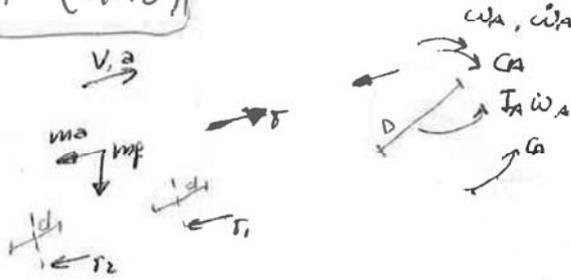
$$C_2 = I_2 \dot{\omega}_2 \Rightarrow \frac{C_2 / \omega_2}{C_1 / \omega_1} = 1 \Rightarrow C_1 = C_2 \tau \Rightarrow C_1 = I_2 \dot{\omega}_2 \tau$$

$$C_F = C_1 + I_1 \dot{\omega}_1 \Rightarrow I_2 \dot{\omega}_2 \tau + I_1 \frac{\dot{\omega}_2}{\tau} = (5252,11 + 7389,7) = 7642 \text{ Nm}$$

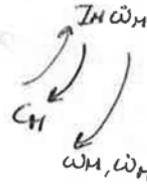
$$\frac{\dot{\omega}_2}{\omega_1} = \tau$$

$$C_1 - C_2 - G = 0 \Rightarrow C_2 = \frac{I_2 \dot{\omega}_2}{\tau} - I_2 \dot{\omega}_2 \tau = I_2 \dot{\omega}_2 (1 - \tau) = 10609,3 \text{ Nm}$$

Es 19 (4.13)



- $m = 2400 \text{ kg}$ $\alpha = 10^\circ$
- $D = 1.28 \text{ m}$
- $I_A = 25 \text{ kgm}^2$
- $I_H = 0.15 \text{ kgm}^2$
- $\tau = \frac{W_A}{W_H} = \frac{2}{36}$ $\eta = 0.75$
- $d = 0.7 \text{ m}$
- $\rho = 3 \text{ mm}$
- $u = 15 \text{ mm}$
- $P_H = ?$ $\theta = 0$ $V = 18 \text{ km/h}$
- $W_H = ?$
- $T_0 \setminus C_0 = 2C_H, V = 0$



$$T_1 = \frac{2(\rho+u)N_1}{d}$$

$$T_2 = \frac{2(\rho+u)N_2}{d}$$

$$T - T_1 - T_2 - m\rho \sin \alpha = m a \Rightarrow T = m\rho \left[\sin \alpha + \frac{2(\rho+u) \cos \alpha}{d} \right] + m a$$

$$N_1 + N_2 - m\rho \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$C_A = T_A \frac{D}{2} + I_A \dot{\omega}_A$$

$$\dot{\omega}_A = a \left(\frac{D}{2} \right)$$

$$C_H = \frac{C_A}{\eta} + 2 I_H \dot{\omega}_H$$

$$P_A = P_H \eta$$

~~$$C_H = \frac{C_A}{\eta} + 2 I_H \dot{\omega}_H$$~~

$$P_A = 2 P_H$$

$$C_A \frac{D}{2} =$$

$$\dot{\omega}_H = \frac{\dot{\omega}_A}{\tau}$$

~~$$C_A \dot{\omega}_A = \eta \left[C_H \frac{W_A}{\tau} \right] \Rightarrow C_H = \frac{C_A \tau}{\eta}$$~~

$$C_A \frac{W_A}{\tau} = \eta \left[C_H + I_H \dot{\omega}_H \right] \frac{W_A}{\tau} \Rightarrow \frac{C_A \tau}{\eta} + I_H \dot{\omega}_H = C_H \Rightarrow \frac{C_A \tau}{\eta} + I_H \frac{\dot{\omega}_A}{\tau} = C_H$$

$$F_A \Rightarrow \left(T_A \frac{D}{2} + I_A \dot{\omega}_A \right) \frac{\tau}{\eta} + I_H \frac{\dot{\omega}_A}{\tau} = C_H \quad \text{ma } \dot{\omega}_H = 0 \quad \text{se } V = 18 \text{ km/h} \quad V = 5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Rightarrow C_H = m\rho \left[\sin \alpha + \frac{2(\rho+u) \cos \alpha}{d} \right] \frac{D}{2} \cdot \frac{\tau}{\eta} = 175.1 \text{ Nm}$$

$$W_H = \frac{W_A}{\tau} \quad W_A = V \frac{D}{2} \Rightarrow W_H = 281.75 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$C_0 = \left(T_A \frac{D}{2} + I_A \dot{\omega}_A \right) \frac{\tau}{\eta} + I_H \frac{\dot{\omega}_A}{\tau} = m\rho \left[\sin \alpha + \frac{2(\rho+u) \cos \alpha}{d} \right] \frac{D}{2} \frac{\tau}{\eta} + I_H \frac{\dot{\omega}_A}{\tau} + \frac{W_A \tau}{2\eta}$$

$$\downarrow 2C_H \quad (m\rho + I_A \dot{\omega}_A) \frac{\tau}{\eta}$$

→

$$\omega_A = 0.88 \text{ rad/s}^2 \Rightarrow a = 0.563 \text{ m/s}^2 \Rightarrow T_0 = 6626.7 \text{ N}$$

$$2C_0 = \frac{\tau}{\eta} \left\{ I_A \dot{\omega}_A + \frac{D}{2} \left(m\rho \left[\sin \alpha + \frac{2(\rho+u) \cos \alpha}{d} \right] \right) \right\} + I_H \frac{\dot{\omega}_A}{\tau}$$

$$250.2 = 126(1 + 5.4\dot{\omega}_A + 0.15\dot{\omega}_A) + \frac{90}{2000}\dot{\omega}_A \Rightarrow \dot{\omega}_A = 421.29 \Rightarrow a = 2.03 \text{ m/s}^2 \Rightarrow T = 10149 \text{ N}$$

Problema 21 (4.22)

$$\epsilon = \frac{\Delta L}{L \omega^2}$$

$$L = 10000 \text{ m}$$

$$f = 36 \text{ cicli/min} \Rightarrow 0,6 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\bar{\omega} = \frac{\omega_1 + \omega_2}{2}$$

$$\epsilon = \frac{\omega_1 - \omega_2}{\bar{\omega}} = \frac{\omega_1 - \omega_2}{\frac{\omega_1 + \omega_2}{2}} = \frac{\omega_1(1-\tau)}{\omega_1(1+\tau)/2} = \epsilon = \frac{2(1-\tau)}{(1+\tau)}$$

$$\Delta \theta = 144^\circ$$

$$\tau = 1/6,5 = \frac{\omega_2}{\omega_1}$$

$$\epsilon = 0,2$$

I_{rot} (rispetto al motore)

$$f \rightarrow \Delta t = 1,68 \text{ s} \Rightarrow \bar{\omega} = \frac{\Delta \theta}{\Delta t} = \frac{864}{100} \pi \text{ rad/s}$$

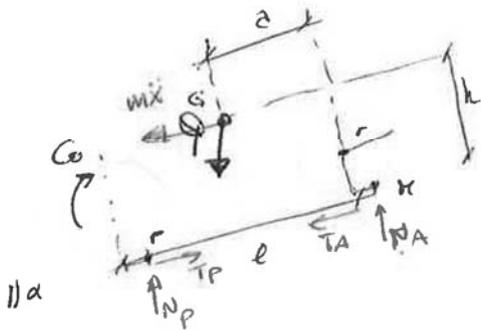
$$I = \frac{\Delta L}{\epsilon \bar{\omega}^2} = 21988,1 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$\Delta L = L \cdot \frac{360 - 144}{360} = 6000 \text{ m}$$

$$\Rightarrow I = \frac{\Delta L}{\epsilon \bar{\omega}^2} = 49,96 \text{ kgm}^2$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{2\pi f}{60} = 3,77 \text{ rad/s} \Rightarrow \omega_1 = \frac{\omega_2}{\tau} = 24,5 \text{ rad/s}$$

Problema 22 (4.41)



$$\epsilon_p a = 0,03$$

$$t = 0 \quad v_0 = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m_p = 1000 \text{ kg}$$

$$a = 1 \text{ m}$$

$$h = 0,8 \text{ m}$$

$$l = 2,5 \text{ m}$$

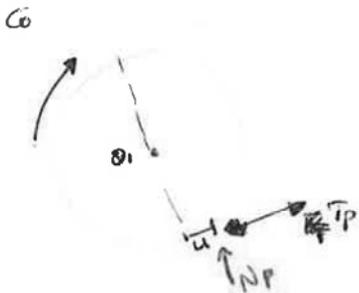
$$r = 0,3 \text{ m}$$

$$u = 20 \text{ mm}$$

$$f_a = 0,5$$

$$G = 500 \text{ Nm}$$

$a = ?$
Soluzione?
Pot. attrito?



$$\text{C)}: \quad \cancel{\epsilon r (l+a) \text{ massa} = h \text{ p. scud}}$$

$$\rightarrow T_P - T_A - m_p f \cos \alpha = m_p a$$

$$\uparrow N_P + N_A = m_p \cos \alpha$$

$$\text{H)} \quad \cancel{N_P (l+a) \text{ massa} \cos \alpha (l+a)}$$

$$\text{M)} \quad N_P (l+a) - m_p \cos \alpha (a+l) - m_p g \sin \alpha h - \dots = 0$$

$$\text{O)} \quad G = N_P u + T_P r \Rightarrow N_P = (G - T_P r) / u$$

$$\text{D)} \quad N_A u = T_A r \Rightarrow N_A = T_A \frac{r}{u}$$

$$(G - T_P r \frac{r}{u} + T_A r) u = m_p \cos \alpha \Rightarrow$$

$$+ \frac{(T_P - T_A) r}{u} = -u m_p \cos \alpha + G \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{G - u m_p \cos \alpha}{r} = T_P - T_A \Rightarrow \frac{G - u m_p \cos \alpha}{r} - m_p g \sin \alpha = m_p a$$

$$a = 0,719 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$N_P = 4058,25 \text{ N}$$

$$T_P = 1396,11 \text{ N}$$

$$\frac{T_P}{N_P} \leq f = 0,34 < 0,5$$

macchina rotola \rightarrow moto relativo
tra ruote e terreno nullo $\Rightarrow \Delta E_k = 0$
cioè le componenti normali N

$$W_0 = (N_P + N_A) u \cdot \frac{v_0}{r} = 6530 \text{ W}$$

ES 1.1

$$a = 5 - 0,2v^2$$

$$t_f = ?$$

$$v = 2,5 \text{ m/s}$$

$$S_f =$$

$$v_0 = 0$$

$$a = (5 - 1,25) = 3,75 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$v = v_0 + at \rightarrow t = 0,6 \text{ s}$$

$$S_f = \frac{1}{2} at^2 = 0,833 \text{ m}$$

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt} \rightarrow dt = \frac{dv}{2v}$$

$$t_f = \int_0^v \frac{dv}{5 - 0,2v^2} =$$

$$a_0 = 5 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad 0,2 \text{ m}^{-1} = c$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{5-0,2v^2}} \right] \cdot 0,1v^3$$

$$t_f = \int_0^{v_f} \frac{dv}{a_0 - cv^2} = \int_0^{v_f} \frac{dv}{\frac{a_0}{c} - v^2}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{a_0}{c}} = v$$

1.2

$$a = 4 - 0,5t$$

$$S = 100 \text{ m}$$

$$t = ?$$

$$v_0 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{-a \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 4bc}}{2a} \quad \text{considero l'istante in cui } a=0 \rightarrow t^* = 8 \text{ s}$$

$$v^* = \int_0^8 a(t) dt = \int_0^8 (4 - 0,5t) dt = \left(4t - 0,25 \frac{t^2}{2} \right)_0^8 = 32 - 16 = 16 \text{ m/s}$$

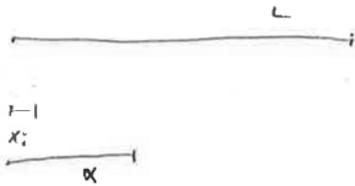
$$S^* = \int_0^{16} v(t) dt = \int_0^8 \left(4t - \frac{t^2}{4} \right) dt = \left(2t^2 - \frac{t^3}{12} \right)_0^8$$

$$= 128 - \frac{128}{3} = \frac{256}{3} = 85,33 \text{ m}$$

$$S - S^* = 14,67 \text{ m} = \Delta S \rightarrow \Delta t = v^* t \rightarrow t = 0,916 \text{ s}$$

$$\rightarrow t_{\text{tot}} = t^* + t = 8,916 \text{ s}$$

1.3



$$a = \frac{k}{x} \quad k = \text{cost}$$

$$x_i = 7,5 \text{ m} \quad v = 0$$

$$v_L = 600 \text{ m/s}$$

$$L = 0,76 \text{ m}$$

$$a_M = ? \quad x_M = 0,88 \text{ m}$$

$$dx = \frac{v dv}{a(x)} \Rightarrow a(x) dx = v dv \rightarrow$$

$$\int_{x_i}^L \frac{k}{x} dx = \int_0^v \frac{v}{2} dv =$$

$$= k \cdot \ln(x) \Big|_{x_i}^L = \frac{v^2}{2} \Rightarrow v^2 = 2k \ln\left(\frac{L}{x_i}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow k = \frac{v^2}{2} \cdot \frac{x_i}{L} = \frac{38974,4 \text{ m}^2 \text{ s}^{-2}}{2 \ln\left(\frac{L}{x_i}\right)}$$

$$a_M = \frac{k}{x_M} = 102564,2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

1.4

$$a = -G - c_2 v^2$$

c_1 e c_2 cost.

$$a = \frac{dv}{dt} \rightarrow dt = \frac{dv}{a}$$

$$D = ?$$

$$c_1 = 0,3 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$c_2 = 0,0025 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$v_0 = 27,78 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v = \frac{dx}{dt} \rightarrow \frac{dv}{a} \cdot v = dx$$

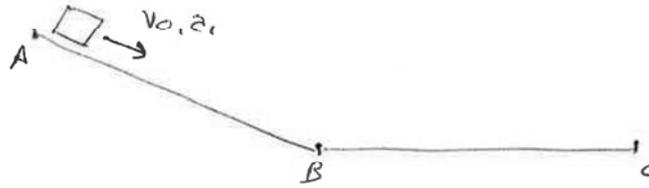
$$D = \int_{v_0}^0 \frac{v}{-G - c_2 v^2} dv =$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2c_2} \int_{v_0}^0 \frac{2c_2 v}{-G - c_2 v^2} dv = -\frac{1}{2c_2} \cdot \ln(-G - c_2 v^2) \Big|_{v_0}^0 = -\frac{1}{2c_2} \cdot \ln\left(\frac{-G}{-G - c_2 v_0^2}\right) =$$

$$+ 401,13 \text{ m}$$

1.71

$v_0 = 1.2 \text{ m/s}$
 $a_1 = 3 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $a_2 = ?$
 $t_2 = ?$
 $s_1 = 3 \text{ m}$
 $s_2 = 3.6 \text{ m}$

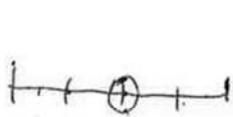
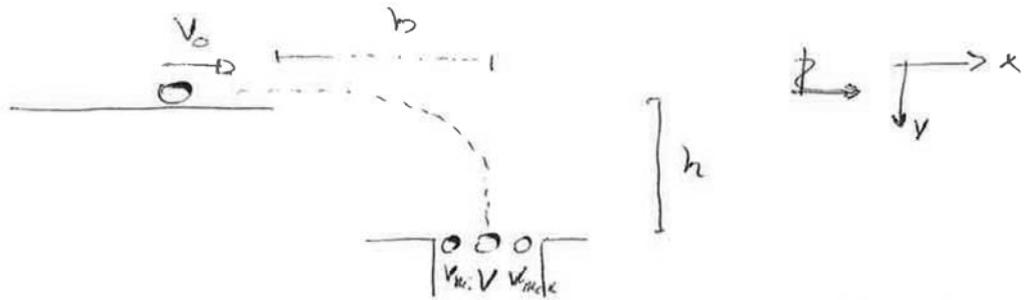


AB: $\begin{cases} s_1 = \frac{1}{2} a_1 t^2 + v_0 t \Rightarrow 3 = 1.5 t^2 + 1.2 t \Rightarrow \\ v_1 = v_0 + a_1 t \end{cases}$
 $1.2 t + 1.5 t^2 - 3 = 0$
 $\frac{-1.2 \pm 4.4}{3} = 1.069 \text{ s}$
 $4.107 \text{ m/s} = v_1$

BC: $\begin{cases} s_2 = \frac{1}{2} a_2 t_2^2 + v_1 t_2 \\ v_2 = v_1 + a_2 t_2 \Rightarrow v_0 - \frac{v_1}{a_2} = -t_2^2 \end{cases}$
 $s_2 = \frac{1}{2} a_2 \left(\frac{v_1^2}{a_2^2} + v_1 \left(-\frac{v_1}{a_2} \right) \right) \Rightarrow s_2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{v_1^2}{a_2} - \frac{v_1^2}{a_2} \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow s_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{v_1^2}{a_2} \Rightarrow a_2 = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{v_1^2}{s_2} = -2.7 \text{ m/s}^2$
 $t_2 = 1.632 \text{ s}$

1.12

$d = 0.02 \text{ m}$
 $D = 0.08 \text{ m}$
 $v_{\text{min}}?$
 $v_{\text{max}}?$
 $h = 0.09 \text{ m}$
 $b = 0.12 \text{ m}$



\rightarrow : $\begin{cases} x = v_0 t \\ y = v_0 t \alpha + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \end{cases}$
 \downarrow : $\begin{cases} x = v_0 t \\ y = v_0 t \mu + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \end{cases}$

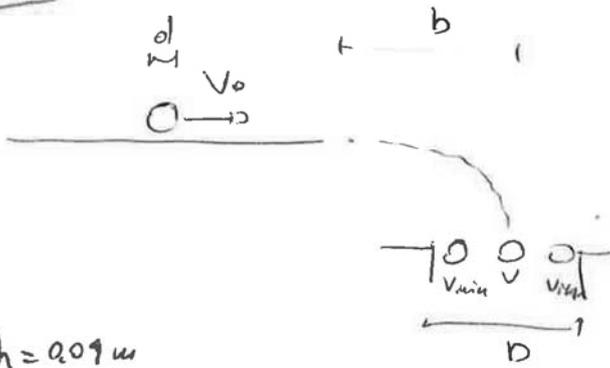
$v_0 \alpha = \frac{v_{0y}}{v_{0x}} = \tan \alpha$
 $\frac{h}{b} = \tan \alpha \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = 0.75$

Se $x = \left(\frac{D}{2} - \frac{3d}{2} \right) \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{D}{2} - \frac{3d}{2} = v_0 t \\ h = v_0 t \mu + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \end{cases}$

$v_0 = \frac{g}{\mu} \frac{h}{b} = \frac{g c_1}{\mu}$
 $h = v_0 t \mu + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \Rightarrow h = \frac{g c_1}{\mu} t + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \Rightarrow$
 $t = 0.127 \text{ s} \rightarrow v_{0x} = 0.077 \text{ m/s}$
 $v = 0.098 \text{ m/s}$

Se $x = \frac{D}{2} + \frac{3d}{2} \rightarrow c_2 = v_0 t$
 $h = t v_0 \mu + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \Rightarrow$
 $\rightarrow h = \frac{g}{\mu} c_2 \mu + \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \rightarrow t = 0.0875 \text{ s}$
 $\rightarrow v_{0x} = 0.8 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow v = 1 \text{ m/s}$

1.15



$h = 0.09 \text{ m}$

$b = 0.02 \text{ m}$

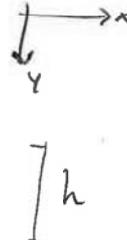
$v_0 = ?$

$v_{min} = ?$

$v_{max} = ?$

$D = 0.08 \text{ m}$

$d = 0.02 \text{ m}$



$$\begin{cases} x = v_0 t \\ y = \frac{1}{2} g t^2 \rightarrow t^2 = \sqrt{\frac{2y}{g}} \end{cases}$$

$t = 0.135 \text{ s}$

Se $x = b - \frac{D}{2} + \frac{D}{2} \rightarrow 0.09 \text{ m}$

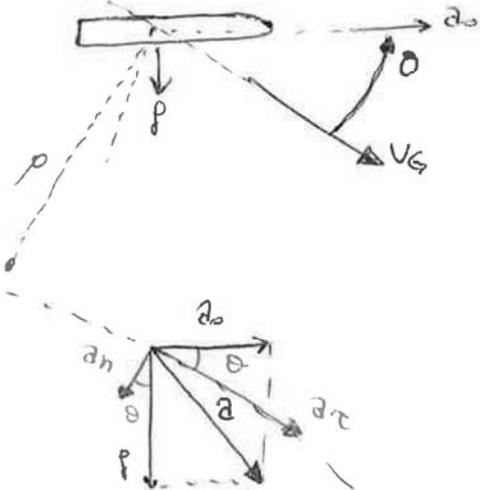
$\Rightarrow v_{min} = 0.074$

$v_{min} = 0.67 \text{ m/s}$

Se $x = b + \frac{D}{2} - \frac{D}{2} = 0.15 \text{ m}$

$v_{max} = 1.11 \text{ m/s}$

1.16



$a_0 = 6 \text{ m/s}^2$

$\rho = 9 \text{ m}$

$\theta = 15^\circ$

$v_0 = 4166 \text{ m/s}$

$\rho = ?$

$\beta = ?$

$a_t = ?$

$a^D ? (\tau, n)$

$a_t = a_0 \cos \theta + \rho \beta \sin \theta = 2.12 \text{ m/s}^2$

$a_n = \rho \omega^2 \sin \theta - a_0 \sin \theta = 7.14 \text{ m/s}^2$

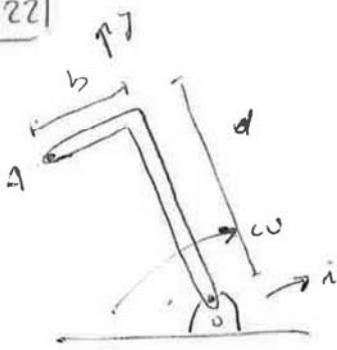
$a_n = \frac{v^2}{\rho} \rightarrow \rho = 2430.75 \text{ km}$

$a_t = \beta \cdot \rho \rightarrow \beta = 3.34 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ rad/s}$

$a_n = \beta^2 \cdot \rho \rightarrow \beta = 1.7138 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ rad/s}$

CINEMATICA CORPI RIGIDI

1.22



~~$\omega = 2 \text{ rad/s}$~~

$\omega = 2 \text{ rad/s}$

$v_A = ?$ | $\omega = 3 \text{ rad/s}$
 $a_A = ?$

$b = 0,3 \text{ m}$

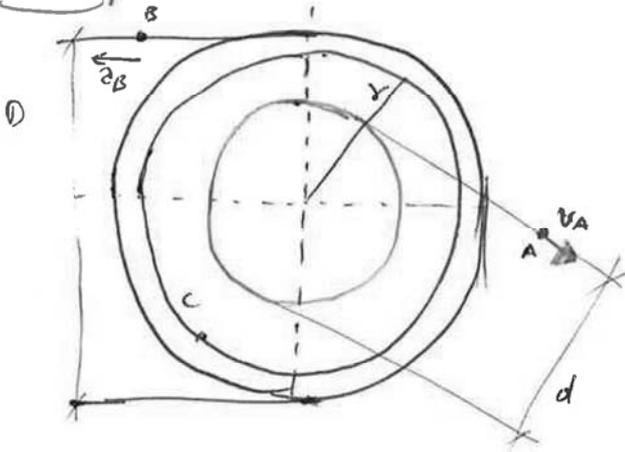
$d = 0,4 \text{ m}$

$OA = d\hat{j} - b\hat{i} + d\hat{j}$

$v_A = \omega \times OA = -0,9\hat{i} + 1,2\hat{j} \text{ rad/s}$

$a_A = \dot{\omega} \times OA + \omega^2(OA) = -0,6\hat{i} + 0,8\hat{j} + 0,27\hat{j} + 3,6\hat{j}$
 $= -1,9\hat{i} - 4,2\hat{j} \text{ rad/s}^2$

1.24



$v_A = 24 \text{ m/s}$

$a_B = 35 \text{ m/s}^2$

$a_C = ?$

$D = 0,2 \text{ m}$

$d = 0,15 \text{ m}$

$r = 0,36 \text{ m}$

~~$a_C = a_B \cdot r = 12,6 \text{ m/s}^2$~~

~~$a_n = \frac{v_A^2}{r} =$~~

$a_B = a_B / D = 87,5 \text{ rad/s}^2$

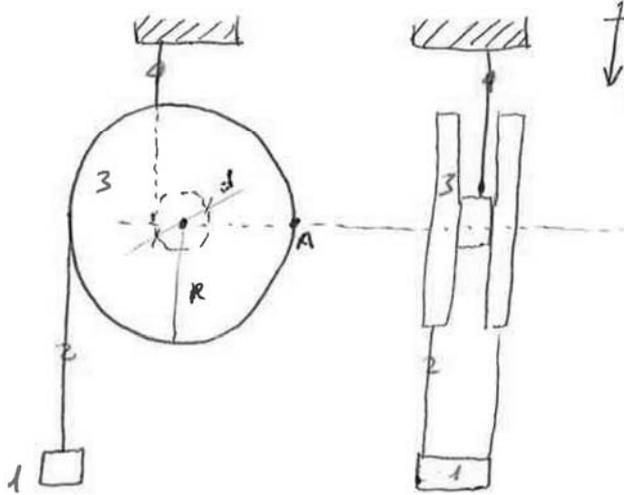
$\omega_A = v_A / d = 26,67 \text{ rad/s}$

~~a_C~~

$\rightarrow c) a_C = a_B \cdot r = 31,5 \text{ m/s}^2$

$a_n = \omega_A^2 \cdot r = 256 \text{ m/s}^2$

1.28 |



$\Delta y = 1.5 \text{ m}$
 $v_0 = 0$
 $a = 0.1 \text{ m/s}^2$

 $v_A = ?$
 $\omega_0 = ?$
 $d = 0.08 \text{ m}$
 $R = 0.2 \text{ m}$

$\Delta y = \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \rightarrow t = 5.48 \text{ s}$

$v_1 = 0.547 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow \omega_3 = v_1 / R = 2.73 \text{ rad/s}$

~~$v_A = v_1 + v_0 \frac{d}{2} = 0.656 \text{ m/s}$~~

$v_A = v_1 \cdot \frac{R-d}{R+d}$
 $v_1 \cdot \frac{R+d}{R-d} = v_A \rightarrow v_A = 0.8205 \text{ m/s}$

~~$v_A = \omega_3 \cdot \frac{d}{2} = 0.109 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow v_0 = \omega_3 \cdot \frac{d}{2} = 0.109 \text{ m/s}$~~

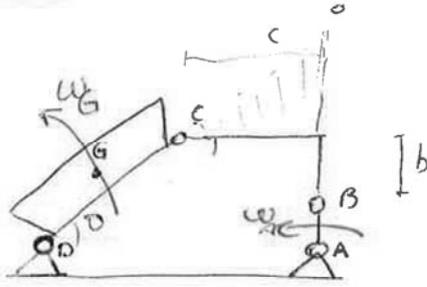
$\omega_1 = a / R = 0.5 \text{ rad/s}^2$

$\omega_0 = \omega_1 \cdot \frac{d/2}{R-d/2} = 0.025 \text{ m/s}^2$

~~$\omega_0 = \frac{d}{R-d} \omega_1$~~

1.36

CINETAZIONI ARTICOLATE

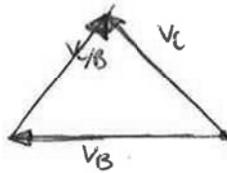


$DC = d = 0,36 \text{ m}$
 $c = 0,2 \text{ m}$
 $b = 0,1 \text{ m}$
 $a = AB = 0,8 \text{ m}$
 $\omega_A = 120 \text{ giri/min}$
 $\omega_B = ?$

$V_B = V_A + V_{B/A} = \cancel{0} + 1 \text{ rad/s}$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $0 \quad \frac{\pi \cdot d}{60}$

$CB = \sqrt{c^2 + b^2} = 0,26 \text{ m}$

$V_C = V_B + V_{C/B}$
 $\perp CD \quad \perp AB \quad \perp CB$
 $\omega_C d \quad \omega_A a \quad ? \cdot CB$



$\omega_A \cdot AB = \omega_{C/B} \cdot CB$
 $\omega_{C/B} = \omega_A \cdot \frac{AB}{CB} = 3,25 \text{ rad/s}$
 $V_C = \omega_C d = \frac{\omega_A a + \omega_{C/B} \cdot CB}{d} = 2,57 \text{ rad/s}$

$\theta = \arcsin \frac{a+b}{d} = 30^\circ$

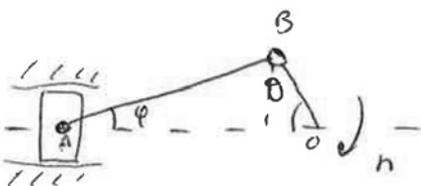
$OC = \frac{c}{\cos \theta} = 0,777 \text{ m}$

$OB = b + \theta \cdot c = 0,238 \text{ m}$

$V_C : OC = \omega_B : OB \rightarrow V_C = \frac{V_B \cdot OC}{OB} = 1,16 \text{ m/s}$

$\Rightarrow \omega_B = 3,22 \text{ rad/s}$

1.37



$AB = L = 0,35 \text{ m}$
 $CB = r = 0,125 \text{ m}$
 $\omega = 157,08 \text{ rad/s}$

$\theta = 60^\circ$

$V_A = ?$

$\alpha_A = ?$

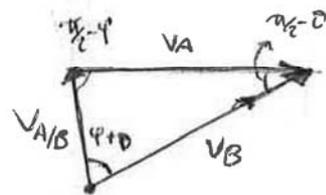
$\omega_{AB} = ?$

$\alpha_{AB} = ?$

$L \sin \phi = r \sin \theta \rightarrow \phi = 18,02^\circ$

$V_B = V_A + \omega_{AB} r = 19,6 \text{ m/s}$

$V_A = V_B + V_{A/B}$
 $\perp AA' \quad \perp AB$
 $\perp OB \quad \omega_{B/A} \cdot AB$
 $\omega_{AB} r$



$29,44 \text{ rad/s} = \omega_{BA} \leftarrow V_{B/A} = 10,3 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \leftarrow \frac{V_{B/A}}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta)} = \frac{V_B}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \phi)} = \frac{V_A}{\sin(\phi + \theta)} \rightarrow V_A = 20,17 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

$\omega_{BA} = \frac{V_B - V_A}{AB} = -2,77 \text{ rad/s}$